

#22 – Migration integration statistics – at risk of poverty and social exclusion

Short description

Type of object: Dataset and a presentation article of the dataset containing tabs of data and link to the migration integration statistics.

Source (organisation): Eurostat

Issues: Social inclusion: People at risk of poverty and social exclusion by origin and citizenship.

Time span: 2015-2021

Geographical coverage: Europe

Link: <u>https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Migrant_integration_statistics_-</u> at risk of poverty and social exclusion

Note/Interpretations

The link describes (also with tabs and figures) European statistics on the risk of poverty or social exclusion among adults, with an analysis according to an individual's citizenship or country of birth. Information is presented for various groups of foreign citizens or foreign-born persons and compares these with nationals or native-born persons. Tabs and figures contain data about EU as a whole and for each EU country.

Data and articles are part of a more general online Eurostat publication on: employment (labour market indicators; regional labour market indicators, employment conditions, over-qualification); education; housing; health; active citizenship; youth integration (socioeconomic situation of young people). For each of these topics are provided data and articles.

The data presented in the article and in the dataset are from the <u>EU statistics on income and living conditions (EU-SILC)</u>. The information presented generally refers to people aged 18 years or over. For analysis by age, two age groups are presented: young people (here defined as people aged less than 30 years) and people of working age (20–64 years). The latter age group is of particular interest as it is the focus for employment analyses in the <u>Action Plan on Integration and Inclusion 2021–2027</u>.

The population that is <u>at risk of poverty or social exclusion</u> refers to people who are <u>at risk of poverty</u>, and/or <u>severely</u> <u>materially and socially deprived</u> and/or <u>living in a household with a very low work intensity</u>: in other words, people in at least one (and possibly two or all three) of these situations. Figure 1 indicates that the risk of poverty or social exclusion in the EU was lower among national citizens than it was among foreign citizens throughout the period from 2015 to 2021. In 2021, around one fifth (19.5 %) of nationals living in the EU faced such a risk. The share among citizens of other EU Member States was somewhat higher (27.5 %) while that for non-EU citizens was close to half (48.4 %).

The article contains figures and tabs describing the situation of migrants also from age perspective.

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