## CENTRAL POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS COMMISSION

PRESS RELEASE<br>February 2, 2012<br>on the provisional results of the 2011 Population and Housing Census

The Central 2011 Population and Housing Census Commission gathered today, February 2, 2012, and decided to issue this press release.

The results of the complex process involved in the conducting of the Population and Housing Census (2011 PHC), as set out in the 2011 PHC Programme, are provisional, preliminary and final statistical data. The provisional results of the Population and Housing Census of 20 October 2011 are a first estimate of the number of persons, households and the housing stock.

The provisional data of the census were obtained through the operative processing of the main statistical information summed up at locality level (municipality, town, commune), on the basis of the summarising tables drawn up by the enumerators after the data collection period, for the 105.5 thousand census sectors. The information entered in these summarising tables was aggregated by the county commissions based on the validation reports drawn up by the local census commissions, which were signed and complied with by their members. The results obtained and processed so far are provisional and may change during the subsequent stages that involve the processing of the individual data included in the registration forms for persons and dwellings.

According to the 2011 PHC Programme, the Technical Secretariat of the Central PHC Commission compiled - at national level - the general information on the stable population and the housing stock. The provisional results obtained show the following:

Stable population: 19.0 million $(19,042,936)$ persons
Households: 7.1 million $(7,086,717)$ households
Dwellings (including other housing units): 8.5 million dwellings (of which: $8,450,607$ conventional dwellings and 8,149 other housing units)
Buildings: 5.1 million buildings ( $5,117,940$ buildings of which: $5,103,013$ buildings with dwellings and 14,927 buildings classified as collective living quarters)

The above indicators broken down by county are presented in the Annex.
The 2011 Population and Housing Census in Romania was conducted in accordance with the Conference of European Statisticians Recommendations for the 2010 Censuses of

Population and Housing and with the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on population and housing censuses.

According to these recommendations, Romania's stable population includes:

- Romanian citizens, foreign citizens or persons with no citizenship who had their domicile in Romania and who, at the time of the census, were on the country's territory (persons present) or were temporarily absent, as they had been abroad for less than 12 months;
- Romanian citizens, foreign citizens or persons with no citizenship who had been in the country for at least 12 months or who intended to stay in the country for at least 12 months (to work, to look for a job, to study, for business etc.) and who only had their residence in Romania;
- Romanian citizens who were abroad on diplomatic or military missions or who were working for Romanian consular offices and branches of Romanian companies abroad.

According to the international definition, the following were not included in the country's stable population:

- Romanian citizens, foreign citizens or persons with no citizenship who had their domicile in Romania and who had been abroad for at least 12 months or who intended to stay abroad for at least 12 months (to work, to look for a job, to study, for business etc.) (persons who had been away for a long period of time);
- foreign citizens or persons with no citizenship who had been in Romania for less than 12 months (temporarily present persons).
In accordance with the international recommendations, the following population categories did not have to be covered by the census, and hence they were not recorded at the census:
- foreign citizens who were in Romania on diplomatic or military missions or who were working for foreign consular offices and branches of foreign companies in Romania;
- foreign citizens who happened to be in Romania at the time of the census for various purposes (business, tourism etc), who had been in the country for less than 12 months and did not have their domicile or residence in Romania.

The following population categories had to be covered by the census but they couldn't be registered in the individual forms or in the summarising tables:

- Romanian citizens, foreign citizens or persons with no citizenship who had their domicile in Romania, who, at the time of the census, were abroad with the entire family and for whom there were no other persons (in the country) to declare their existence;
- persons who explicitly or tacitly refused to be enumerated, by avoiding the visits of the census personnel (uncontacted population).

In order to obtain the results of this stage (the data processing stage), a provisional estimate of the number of dwellings was made. A more accurate estimate can only be made after the processing of the information included in the individual forms, on the basis of scientific statistical methods developed in accordance with the UN and EU recommendations and standards.

The dwellings where the census enumeration could not be carried out accounted for $2.8 \%$ of the total number of dwellings, namely approximately 1 million persons (i.e. the persons who were abroad - the entire family - for whom there was no one to declare their existence; the uncontacted population). Higher percentages were recorded in the big towns: Bucharest (6.0\%), Timişoara (5.8\%), Iaşi (3.0\%), Constanța (2.9\%) etc.

The population categories identified at the October 2011 census, the number of persons by category and a relevant numerical comparison with the data provided by the current demographic statistics are shown below (Figure 1).

Figure 1. Population categories identified at the census


Persons present $(18,384,049)$

Temporarily absent persons
$(658,887)$

The processing, checking and validation of the data included in the summarising tables completed by the enumerators will continue during the following stage, in order to estimate a greater number of indicators that will be presented as preliminary results of the census. The preliminary results of the 2011 Population and Housing Census are to be presented by the Central 2011 PHC Commission at the end of March, current year, in accordance with the 2011 PHC Programme.

The final results of the 2011 Population and Housing Census will be obtained through the processing of the individual information included in the census registration forms. The dissemination of these results in Romania and to international bodies will be done in compliance with the announced timetable, starting with the second semester of 2013.

## PROVISIONAL RESULTS OF THE POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS OF 20 OCTOBER 2011

The provisional data of the census were obtained by operatively compiling the main statistical information summed up at locality level - municipality, town, commune (on the basis of the summarising tables drawn up by the census enumerators), for the 105.5 thousand census sectors.

## Number and territorial structure of the stable population

According to the provisional results of the census of 20 October 2011, Romania's stable population amounted to 19,043 thousand persons, of which 18,384 thousand were present and 659 thousand were temporarily absent. Of the total stable population of Romania, 10,054 thousand persons had their domicile ${ }^{1} /$ residence $^{2}$ in municipalities and towns (52.8\%) and 8,989 thousand persons lived in communes (47.2\%).

According to the breakdown by stable population number, 22 counties had less than 400 thousand inhabitants, accounting for $35.6 \%$ of the country's population, 17 counties had a population of between 400 and 700 thousand, making up $47.9 \%$, and only 2 counties exceeded 700 thousand inhabitants, representing 7\%. Of the total 19,043 thousand persons, $8.8 \%$ lived in Bucharest Municipality (namely 1,678 thousand persons).

Figure 2. Distribution of the stable population by county


[^0]The counties with the most numerous population are Prahova (with 735.9 thousand inhabitants), laşi (with 723.6 thousand), Cluj (with 659.4 thousand), Timiş (with 649.8 thousand), Constanța (with 630.7 thousand), Dolj (with 618.3 thousand) and Suceava (with 614.5 thousand). The smallest population numbers were recorded in the following counties: Tulcea (with 201.5 thousand), Covasna (with 206.3 thousand), Sălaj (with 217.9 thousand), Mehedinți (with 254.6 thousand), lalomița (with 258.7 thousand), Giurgiu (with 265.5 thousand), Caraş-Severin (with 274.3 thousand) and Bistrița-Năsăud (with 277.9 thousand).

In 13 counties, more than half of the persons have their residence in municipalities and towns. The counties with a high percentage of urban population are Hunedoara (with 74.1\%), Braşov (with 71.2\%), Constanța (with 67.9\%) and Cluj (with 65.9\%), while the counties with the lowest percentages of urban population are Giurgiu (with 27.9\%), Dâmbovița (with 28.3\%), Teleorman (with 31.3\%), Neamț and Călăraşi (with 35.0\%).

## Ethnic structure of Romania's stable population

At the October 2011 census, the answer to the question regarding the ethnic origin was not compulsory, in compliance with every individual's fundamental right to freely and unconstrainedly declare what ethnical group he/she belongs to. The provisional results of the population census revealed that 16,870 thousand persons (88.6\%) of the total stable population declared that they were of Romanian origin.

The population of Hungarian origin amounted to 1,238 thousand persons, accounting for $6.5 \%$ of the country's stable population, and the number of those who indicated that they were of Roma origin was 619 thousand (3.2\%). Other ethnic groups with populations of over 20 thousand were the Ukrainians ( 51.7 thousand persons), the Germans (36.9 thousand), the Turks (28.2 thousand), the Russian Lipovans (23.9 thousand) and the Tatars (20.5 thousand persons).

The number of persons for whom no ethnic origin was recorded (they did not wish to declare it or they weren't present) was 59.2 thousand, accounting for $0.3 \%$ of the country's stable population.

At regional level, the distribution of the population by ethnic group shows that the population is mostly of Romanian origin in Bucharest Municipality (96.6\%) and in 39 counties (ranging between $98.5 \%$ in Botoşani and $52.6 \%$ in Mureş). In 26 of these counties, the persons of Romanian origin account for more than $90 \%$ of the population.

The population is mostly of Hungarian origin in Harghita County (84.8\%) and Covasna County (73.6\%). The Hungarians are also numerous in the following counties: Mureş (37.8\%), Satu Mare (34.5\%), Bihor (25.2\%) and Sălaj (23.2\%).

The persons of Roma origin make up $3.2 \%$ of the total stable population, with a relatively uniform territorial distribution and percentages ranging between $1.1 \%$ in Botoşani County and $8.8 \%$ in Mureş County. There are relatively higher percentages of persons of Roma origin, of over $6.0 \%$ of the stable population, in Călăraşi (8.1\%), Sălaj (6.9\%) and Bihor (6.1\%).

The most numerous population of Ukrainian origin is that of the following counties: Maramureş (31.2 thousand persons), Timiş ( 6.0 thousand persons), Suceava ( 5.7 thousand persons) and Caraş-Severin (2.6 thousand persons). 88.0\% of the Ukrainians live in these counties.

Nearly three quarters of the persons of German origin (73.0\%) live in Timiş County ( 8.5 thousand persons), Satu Mare County ( 5.0 thousand persons), Sibiu County ( 4.1 thousand persons), Braşov County (3.3 thousand persons), Caraş-Severin County and Arad County (with 3.0 thousand persons each).

Approximately $90 \%$ of the persons of Turkish origin were recorded in Constanța County (21.0 thousand persons), Tulcea County (1.9 thousand persons) and Bucharest Municipality (2.4 thousand persons).
87.7\% of the Russian Lipovans live in the following counties: Tulcea (10.9 thousand persons), Constanța ( 3.5 thousand persons), laşi ( 2.8 thousand persons), Brăila (1.9 thousand persons) and Suceava (1.7 thousand persons).

The most numerous population of Tatar origin was recorded in Constanța County, where 96.4\% of the persons who declared that they belonged to this ethnic group lived (19.7 thousand persons).

## Number of households

99.1\% (18,878 thousand persons) of Romania's total stable population live in the 7,087 thousand households, with an average of 2.66 persons per household ( 266 persons per 100 households). The remaining population (165 thousand persons) resides in collective living quarters or is homeless.

Table 1. Households by type of locality

|  | Number of <br> households | $\%$ | Persons living in <br> households | $\%$ | Average number <br> of persons per <br> household |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL | $7,086,717$ | 100.0 | $18,877,964$ | 100.0 | 2.66 |
| Municipalities and <br> towns | $3,915,653$ | 55.3 | $9,914,121$ | 52.5 | 2.53 |
| Communes | $3,171,064$ | 44.7 | $8,963,843$ | 47.5 | 2,83 |

More than half of the number of households and persons living in households were in the urban area. In 16 counties, most households are found in municipalities and towns, with higher percentages in the following counties: Hunedoara, Braşov and Constanța (between 76.3 and $71.2 \%$ ), Sibiu ( $68.7 \%$ ), as well as Cluj and Timiş (66.1\%). The lowest percentages of urban households are found in Giurgiu County (28.4\%), Dâmbovița County (30.7\%) and Teleorman County (32.1\%).

The average size of a household is smaller in the urban area ( 2.53 persons/household) than in the rural area ( 2.83 persons/household).

The territorial distribution reveals that the average size of a household is greater in the
following counties: Ilfov ( 3.10 persons/household), as well as Dâmbovița, Giurgiu, Bistrița-Năsăud, Maramureş and Suceava (between 2.93 and 2.82 persons/household). The smallest average number of persons per household is found in Bucharest Municipality (2.39 persons/household) and in Neamț County and Hunedoara County (2.50 persons/household).

With the exception of Sălaj County, the average size of a household is smaller in municipalities and towns than in communes.

## Buildings - Dwellings

The census covered conventional dwellings ${ }^{3}$, other housing units which are not designed for human habitation but which are actually inhabited and collective living quarters. By recording characteristics related to the construction and facilities of the housing units, the census allows the estimation of indicators that are necessary for describing the population's living conditions.

Figure 3. Method of calculating the size of the housing stock at the census


[^1]5,103 thousand buildings ${ }^{4}$ with 8,451 thousand conventional dwellings were recorded at the October 2011 census. In these dwellings there were 22,739 thousand rooms for habitation, whose total useful floor space amounted to 398,037 thousand square metres. In the urban area the conventional dwellings have a smaller average number of rooms than in the rural area, but the average floor space of the dwellings and rooms for habitation is larger.

Table 2. Rooms for habitation and floor space of the rooms for habitation by type of locality

|  | Total | Municipalities <br> and towns | Communes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of conventional dwellings | $8,450,607$ | $4,582,717$ | $3,867,890$ |
| Number or rooms for habitation | $22,739,300$ | $11,417,793$ | $11,321,507$ |
| Floor space of the rooms for habitation <br> (thousand sq m) | 398,037 | $220,453.7$ | $177,582.8$ |
| Average number of rooms per dwelling | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| Average floor space of the <br> rooms for habitation (sq m) <br> per: | dwelling <br> room for <br> habitation | 47.1 | 48.1 |

The number of rooms for habitation is greater in llfov, Giurgiu, Tulcea, Buzău, Călăraşi, Ialomița, Olt and Vrancea (between 3.3 and 3.0 rooms/dwelling) and smaller in Harghita (2.3), Cluj, Covasna, Hunedoara and Bucharest Municipality (2.4).

A larger floor space of the rooms for habitation was recorded, on average, in Bucharest Municipality ( $21.1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{room}$ ) and in the following counties: Braşov, Cluj, Satu Mare, Ilfov, Sibiu, Harghita and Covasna (between 20.8 and 19.1 sq m/room). The smallest average floor spaces per room were recorded in Călăraşi County ( $13.4 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} /$ room), Giurgiu County and Teleorman County ( 14.0 sq m/room).

Dwellings whose average floor spaces are among the largest are found in llfov County, Timiş County, Satu Mare County and Constanța County (between 65.7 and $52.0 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{dwelling}$ ). The smallest average floor spaces were recorded in the following counties: Brăila ( $39.4 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} /$ dwelling), Călăraşi and Vaslui ( $39.7 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} /$ dwelling), Teleorman (40.7 sq m/dwelling) and Mehedinți ( $41.0 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} /$ dwelling).

This press release is available on the website www.recensamantromania.ro.
Additional information broken down by county and locality is available on the websites of the regional and county statistical divisions.

[^2]
## 2011 - ROMANIA'S POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS <br> - PROVISIONAL DATA -

Table 1. Number of buildings, dwellings and households, by county

| Counties | Number of buildings |  | Number of dwellings |  | Number of households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL | of which: buildings with dwellings ${ }^{5}$ | TOTAL | of which: conventional dwellings |  |
| A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| ROMANIA | 5117940 | 5103013 | 8458756 | 8450607 | 7086717 |
| ALBA | 103367 | 102983 | 146878 | 146781 | 118889 |
| ARAD | 128721 | 128244 | 188183 | 187814 | 150698 |
| ARGES | 172494 | 172189 | 267518 | 267188 | 223253 |
| BACAU | 172602 | 172253 | 267970 | 267800 | 222170 |
| BIHOR | 158293 | 157662 | 241657 | 241539 | 201352 |
| BISTRITA-NASAUD | 81590 | 81448 | 113959 | 113851 | 96666 |
| BOTOSANI | 125228 | 124989 | 170001 | 169837 | 148032 |
| BRASOV | 91738 | 91077 | 230521 | 230165 | 193527 |
| BRAILA | 76133 | 76049 | 133685 | 133655 | 118496 |
| BUZAU | 147318 | 147089 | 193060 | 193047 | 160779 |
| CARAS-SEVERIN | 76349 | 76142 | 130022 | 129895 | 100276 |
| CALARASI | 92504 | 92389 | 118074 | 118073 | 99485 |
| CLUJ | 143661 | 143065 | 304810 | 303716 | 253624 |
| CONSTANTA | 126826 | 125161 | 262790 | 262109 | 227922 |
| COVASNA | 57174 | 56887 | 88954 | 88909 | 76345 |
| DAMBOVITA | 161455 | 161322 | 207423 | 207352 | 170651 |
| DOLJ | 189708 | 189537 | 275757 | 275685 | 225496 |
| GALATI | 116071 | 115925 | 223167 | 223127 | 188729 |
| GIURGIU | 95568 | 95494 | 112710 | 112688 | 91710 |
| GORJ | 112318 | 112085 | 156053 | 156037 | 119942 |
| HARGHITA | 90584 | 89925 | 132847 | 132591 | 112593 |
| HUNEDOARA | 80469 | 80005 | 194766 | 194560 | 157195 |
| IALOMITA | 82482 | 82409 | 108882 | 108859 | 93329 |
| IASI | 172289 | 171867 | 293398 | 293333 | 257121 |
| ILFOV | 111463 | 111244 | 142582 | 142325 | 116325 |
| MARAMURES | 132522 | 132282 | 195278 | 194685 | 163291 |
| MEHEDINTI | 91553 | 91424 | 128805 | 128797 | 97561 |
| MURES | 144953 | 144426 | 223762 | 223211 | 194864 |
| NEAMT | 147123 | 146592 | 213100 | 212806 | 181703 |
| OLT | 140813 | 140728 | 184355 | 184276 | 151321 |
| PRAHOVA | 213061 | 212395 | 315664 | 315498 | 263702 |
| SATU MARE | 100196 | 100026 | 141044 | 140971 | 119286 |
| SALAJ | 74630 | 74478 | 100464 | 100419 | 80445 |
| SIBIU | 93091 | 92569 | 166983 | 166773 | 137503 |
| SUCEAVA | 189688 | 188916 | 255579 | 255487 | 216478 |
| TELEORMAN | 133612 | 133560 | 164933 | 164830 | 136449 |
| TIMIS | 141789 | 141422 | 270804 | 270459 | 240762 |
| TULCEA | 66438 | 65996 | 93947 | 93844 | 79097 |
| VASLUI | 123175 | 123042 | 166279 | 166231 | 141557 |
| VALCEA | 132982 | 132520 | 177924 | 177736 | 138142 |
| VRANCEA | 112046 | 111863 | 149881 | 149854 | 127932 |
| BUCHAREST Municipality | 113863 | 113334 | 804287 | 803794 | 692019 |

[^3]Table 2. Stable population by ethnic group, by county

- persons -

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Counties} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Stable population TOTAL \\
1
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{Of which, by ethnic group:} \\
\hline \& \& Romanian
2 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Hungarian \\
3
\end{tabular} \& Roma
4 \& German
5 \& Ukrainian
6 \& Turkish
7 \& Tatar

8 \& | Russian Lipovan |
| :--- |
| 9 | \& Other ethnic groups ${ }^{1)}$ 10 \& Ethnic group not specified

$$
11
$$ <br>

\hline ROMANIA \& 19042936 \& 16869816 \& 1237746 \& 619007 \& 36884 \& 51703 \& 28226 \& 20464 \& 23864 \& 96040 \& 59186 <br>
\hline ALBA \& 327224 \& 294335 \& 15870 \& 15492 \& 780 \& 21 \& 26 \& - \& 19 \& 282 \& 399 <br>
\hline ARAD \& 409072 \& 343163 \& 37067 \& 16546 \& 2956 \& 1295 \& 51 \& 3 \& 29 \& 6983 \& 979 <br>
\hline ARGES \& 591353 \& 573678 \& 288 \& 15300 \& 61 \& 20 \& 89 \& 3 \& 23 \& 1132 \& 759 <br>
\hline BACAU \& 583588 \& 561034 \& 4373 \& 15254 \& 114 \& 29 \& 58 \& 5 \& 36 \& 1331 \& 1354 <br>
\hline BIHOR \& 549752 \& 367221 \& 138441 \& 33697 \& 710 \& 105 \& 47 \& * \& 29 \& 6862 \& 2638 <br>
\hline BISTRITA-NASAUD \& 277861 \& 249925 \& 14773 \& 12165 \& 494 \& 61 \& 25 \& - \& 18 \& 146 \& 254 <br>
\hline BOTOSANI \& 398938 \& 393084 \& 53 \& 4237 \& 28 \& 684 \& 21 \& 3 \& 437 \& 156 \& 235 <br>
\hline BRASOV \& 505442 \& 442078 \& 39275 \& 17929 \& 3313 \& 66 \& 81 \& 12 \& 88 \& 1069 \& 1531 <br>
\hline BRAILA \& 304925 \& 293763 \& 75 \& 7961 \& 31 \& 26 \& 178 \& 6 \& 1938 \& 422 \& 525 <br>
\hline BUZAU \& 432054 \& 411041 \& 171 \& 20219 \& 132 \& 14 \& 55 \& * \& 12 \& 120 \& 288 <br>
\hline CARAS-SEVERIN \& 274277 \& 244748 \& 3276 \& 7533 \& 3070 \& 2600 \& 19 \& 3 \& 15 \& 12470 \& 543 <br>
\hline CALARASI \& 285050 \& 260819 \& 156 \& 22974 \& 14 \& 8 \& 522 \& 5 \& 17 \& 365 \& 170 <br>
\hline CLUJ \& 659370 \& 523424 \& 103457 \& 22468 \& 659 \& 173 \& 90 \& 9 \& 53 \& 2339 \& 6698 <br>
\hline CONSTANTA \& 630679 \& 567799 \& 742 \& 8401 \& 139 \& 88 \& 21014 \& 19720 \& 3538 \& 8165 \& 1073 <br>
\hline COVASNA \& 206261 \& 45560 \& 151787 \& 8238 \& 109 \& 15 \& 12 \& - \& 8 \& 272 \& 260 <br>
\hline DAMBOVITA \& 501996 \& 472402 \& 180 \& 26281 \& 43 \& 16 \& 63 \& * \& 18 \& 2844 \& 148 <br>
\hline DOLJ \& 618335 \& 587549 \& 218 \& 28911 \& 92 \& 21 \& 53 \& 4 \& 8 \& 740 \& 739 <br>
\hline GALATI \& 507402 \& 488382 \& 252 \& 17258 \& 74 \& 37 \& 83 \& 3 \& 183 \& 735 \& 395 <br>
\hline GIURGIU \& 265494 \& 249841 \& 178 \& 14848 \& 17 \& 4 \& 46 \& * \& 11 \& 107 \& 441 <br>
\hline GORJ \& 334238 \& 326873 \& 161 \& 6815 \& 24 \& 24 \& 10 \& * \& 10 \& 121 \& 198 <br>
\hline HARGHITA \& 304969 \& 40431 \& 258615 \& 5422 \& 72 \& 17 \& 11 \& 3 \& 3 \& 214 \& 181 <br>
\hline HUNEDOARA \& 396253 \& 369782 \& 16219 \& 7567 \& 991 \& 139 \& 35 \& 7 \& 31 \& 736 \& 746 <br>
\hline IALOMITA \& 258669 \& 241880 \& 265 \& 15612 \& 14 \& 16 \& 74 \& * \& 364 \& 283 \& 159 <br>
\hline IASI \& 723553 \& 706328 \& 161 \& 11286 \& 89 \& 53 \& 76 \& 6 \& 2839 \& 1616 \& 1099 <br>
\hline ILFOV \& 364241 \& 343730 \& 303 \& 15372 \& 105 \& 48 \& 517 \& 42 \& 73 \& 2575 \& 1476 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Counties | Stable population TOTAL | Of which, by ethnic group: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Romanian 2 | Hungarian 3 | Roma <br> 4 | German 5 | Ukrainian 6 | Turkish 7 | Tatar | Russian Lipovan <br> 9 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Other } \\ \text { ethnic } \end{array} \\ \text { groups }{ }^{1)} \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | Ethnic group not specified $11$ |
| MARAMURES | 461290 | 380018 | 34781 | 12638 | 1243 | 31234 | 30 | * | 17 | 432 | 895 |
| MEHEDINTI | 254570 | 241501 | 153 | 10956 | 156 | 13 | 38 | - | * | 1561 | 190 |
| MURES | 531380 | 279488 | 200989 | 46637 | 1471 | 88 | 51 | 4 | 73 | 576 | 2003 |
| NEAMT | 452900 | 444994 | 189 | 6703 | 91 | 35 | 44 | 6 | 231 | 259 | 348 |
| OLT | 415530 | 405393 | 246 | 9601 | 11 | 5 | 31 | - | 7 | 105 | 131 |
| PRAHOVA | 735903 | 716047 | 448 | 17798 | 150 | 16 | 166 | 6 | 54 | 453 | 765 |
| SATU MARE | 329079 | 189991 | 113541 | 17513 | 4986 | 1397 | 7 | - | 7 | 405 | 1232 |
| SALAJ | 217895 | 150143 | 50659 | 15137 | 70 | 29 | * | * | 5 | 1270 | 579 |
| SIBIU | 375992 | 340836 | 10893 | 17901 | 4117 | 28 | 30 | 3 | 60 | 671 | 1453 |
| SUCEAVA | 614451 | 590741 | 178 | 11858 | 699 | 5698 | 32 | - | 1717 | 2762 | 766 |
| TELEORMAN | 360178 | 348299 | 140 | 10550 | 15 | 3 | 36 | * | 3 | 598 | 533 |
| TIMIS | 649777 | 555752 | 35294 | 14534 | 8497 | 5953 | 133 | 24 | 105 | 17967 | 11518 |
| TULCEA | 201462 | 179582 | 97 | 3768 | 49 | 1317 | 1891 | 179 | 10908 | 3512 | 159 |
| VASLUI | 375148 | 368317 | 49 | 5933 | 11 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 82 | 95 | 641 |
| VALCEA | 355320 | 348344 | 198 | 6384 | 63 | 13 | 38 | * | 8 | 145 | 125 |
| VRANCEA BUCHAREST | 323080 | 309999 | 72 | 11916 | 14 | 10 | 41 | * | 6 | 166 | 855 |
| Municipality | 1677985 | 1621501 | 3463 | 21394 | 1110 | 279 | 2388 | 388 | 779 | 12978 | 13705 |

*     - the fields marked with * indicate a reduced number of cases observed (smaller than 3)

1)     - it also includes the ethnic groups with less than 20,000 declared persons at national level: the Serbs, the Slovaks, the Jews, the Bulgarians, the Czechs, the Croats,
the Greeks, the Poles, the Armenians, the Ruthenians, the Italians, the Albanians, the Macedonians

[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The domicile is the address listed on the identity document by the population register offices.
    ${ }^{2}$ The residence is the address where the person spends most of his/her time, regardless of the fact that this address is listed on his/her identity document under residence visa or not.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ A conventional dwelling is a functionally distinct unit made up of one or more rooms for habitation and (usually) accessories (kitchen, bathroom etc.) and/or other utility areas (larders, storerooms etc.), independent from other dwellings or areas, with a separate entrance, whether occupied by one or several households or unoccupied.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ Residential buildings and non-residential buildings with conventional dwellings

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ Excluding the buildings designed to be used as collective living quarters where there were conventional dwellings

